

Loss Avoidance Studies: Quantifying the Benefits of Mitigation

Matt McCullough, Community Planner, FEMA Region III Robbie Coates, Disaster Grants Manager, Virginia Department of Emergency Management (VDEM)



September 26, 2018



Webinar Housekeeping

- Attendees may be muted to reduce background noise.
 - Please do NOT put your phone on "hold", it plays the hold music for everyone else on this call.
 - If you have to step away, mute your phone or hang up and rejoin the call later.
- Use "Chat" panel to ask questions so that we can end on time
 - The chat will be open for 10 minutes following the training.
- The PowerPoint slides will be emailed to participants afterwards
- You may be eligible for Professional Credits
 - American Institute of Certified Planners (AICP) Self Reported Certification Maintenance Credit
 - Association of State Floodplain Managers (ASFPM) Certified Floodplain Manager (CFM) Continuing Education Credit
 - Participation certificates and agendas will be sent by request to all participants who attend the whole session and participate in the polls.



Welcome and Overview

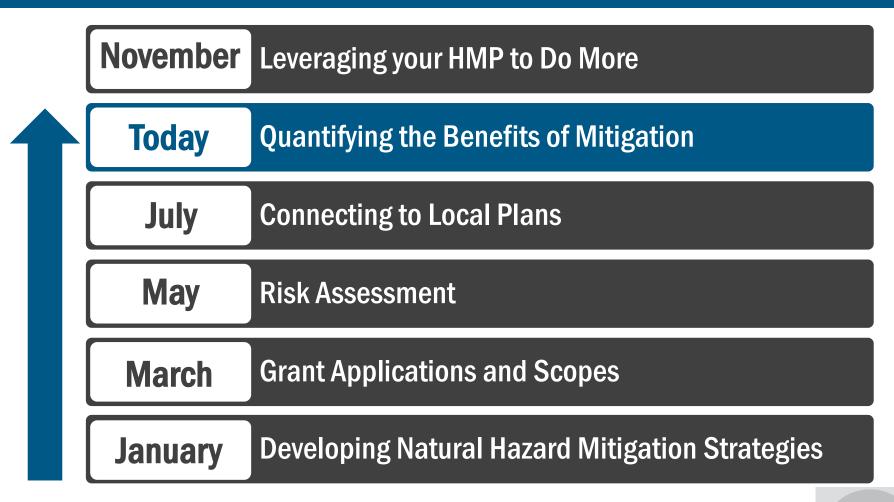
- Background
- Loss Avoidance Studies
- Benefit Cost Analyses
- Virginia Experience
- Questions
- Close Out







Region 3 2018 Coffee Breaks





Building on Expectations

Previous Coffee Break



Integrating Your Long Range Vision with your Hazard Mitigation Plan

Matt McCullough, Community Planner, FEMA Region III Deepa Srinivasan, AICP, CFM, Founder and President, Vision Planning and Consulting (VPC), LLC Andrew Estrain, Hazard Mitigation Planner, Vision Planning and Consulting (VPC), LLC Jason Farrell, Deputy Mitigation Planning Lead, CERC Region III



July 25, 2018



Polling Question #1

How recently have you conducted a loss avoidance study?

- More than five years ago
- In between one and five years ago
- Within the past year
- Currently conducting one
- Have one funded for the future
- Never done one





What is a Loss Avoidance Study?

- Looks at completed mitigation projects after a disaster to see how well the projects worked
- Quantifies the benefits of mitigation in dollars
- "Loss avoidance" = costs that would have been incurred in a disaster but weren't because of mitigation. Damage and expense prevented.





Photos from loss avoidance study for Hurricane Matthew in NC

Kinston, North Carolina, on October 14, 2016. FEMA News Photos



FEMA Loss Avoidance Studies

https://www.fema.gov/hmgp-loss-avoidance-studies



National Study: Value of Mitigation

- Federally funded mitigation can save \$6 in future costs for every \$1 spent.
- Exceeding international building codes can save \$4 for every \$1 spent.
- Public-sector mitigation for flooding – saves \$7 for every \$1 spent.
- www.nibs.org



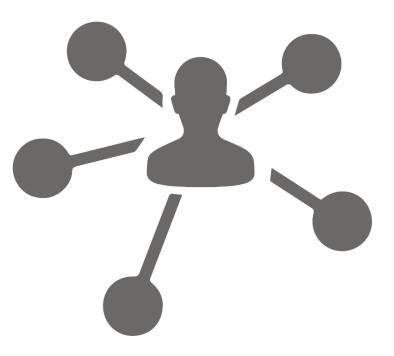
National Institute of BUILDING SCIENCES

Natural Hazard Mitigation Saves: 2017 Interim Report



Connecting HMPs, BCAs, and LASs

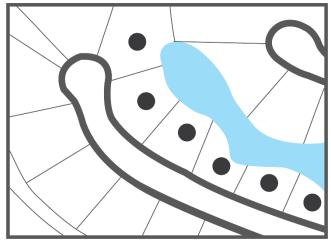
- The Hazard Mitigation Plan sections on capabilities, risk assessment, and mitigation actions are all areas to consider:
 - What risk are we decreasing?
 - What bad are we preventing?
 - What value is provided to the community?
- This impacts and can become talking points for Capital Improvements
 Budget discussions, Long Term
 Planning, and identifying potential funding sources and partnerships.





Why do a Benefit Cost Analysis?

- FEMA grants have to show BCA cost effectiveness (aligned with Circular A-94).
- Opportunity in Capital Improvement Budget and Long Term Planning Discussions
- With more data available, more opportunities to highlight benefits of mitigation and strengthen the cases you're already making.
- Some grants allow collaboration and crossgrant coordination as long as all requirements are met for both/ all. Allows for holistic thinking around what is best for the community.







Robbie Coates



Robbie Coates

Grants Manager, Disaster Programs State Hazard Mitigation Officer

Virginia Department of Emergency Management





Purpose for Loss Avoidance Studies

- To be able to measure performance of implemented projects, such as those funded through FEMA hazard mitigation assistance grants.
- To be able to demonstrate the true value of mitigation in terms of \$\$ saved, as to promote even more future investment in risk reduction activities.
- It is required for enhanced status for state hazard mitigation plans, which increases post-disaster HMGP funds from 15% to 20% (1/4 extra)





How to Pick a Good Location for a Loss Avoidance Study?

- Target areas where there is known mitigation activity, and an event has occurred after the project has been completed
- Target areas where there is a high water mark from the said event, or where the local government has documented the high water mark (this may be from a quote or verbal verification from a local official)
- Target areas where you have good pre-project and post-project data, such as elevation certificates and final project costs
- Will require coordination with the local governments





What Has Been Done in Virginia?

- Southampton County, Virginia 20 properties
- Gloucester County, Virginia 6 properties
- City of Franklin, Virginia 10 properties
- City of Poquoson, Virginia* 17 properties

 The methodology used was based on a FEMA initiated study in Centralia, Washington







Evaluating Losses Avoided Through Hazard Mitigation City of Centralia, Washington





What Type of Data is Needed?

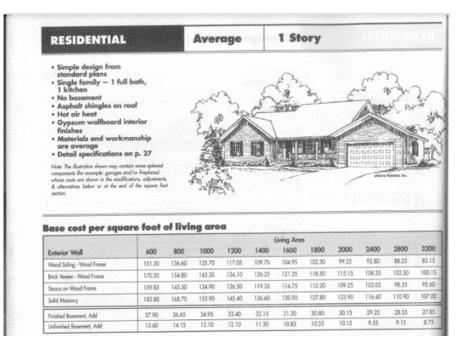
- Location of structure (former address or parcel number)
- Flood insurance study
- Structure square footage
- Type of foundation (crawl or slab)
- First floor elevation of structure (pre-mitigation) and for elevations post-mitigation
- Number of floors
- Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) Software
- Flood depths of events occurring after mitigation (have to take into account the same vertical datum as available pre-mitigation)





May Need Some Built in Assumptions

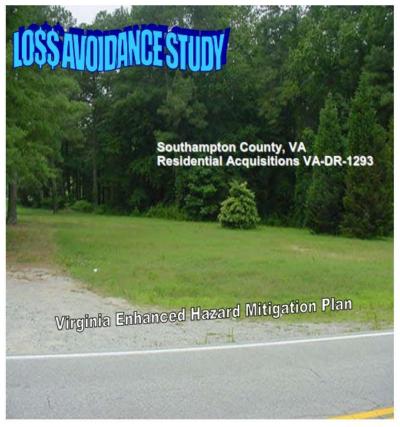
- Building replacement value was taken from RS means (construction cost estimating), and averaged across all of the structures
- Contents value of 30% of the building replacement value (per BCA)
- Depth Damage function from the BCA tool was used to determine avoided building, contents, and displacement costs during the events







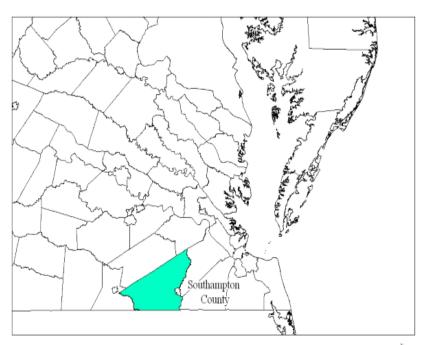
Southampton County





🛞 FEMA

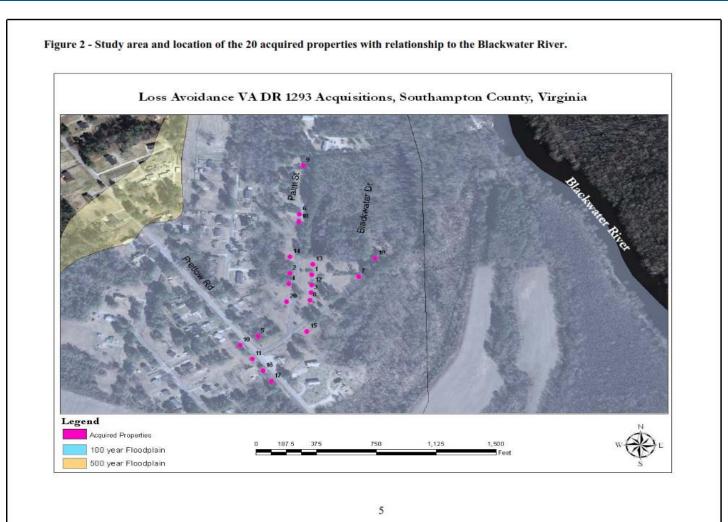
VA DR 1293 Southampton County







Project Area





Sample Data from Report

Table 2 – Building data for acquired structures in Southampton County.

Property ID	Base Flood Elevation	FFE (Before)	FFE (After)	Structure Type	Square Footage	Structure Replacement Value	Assumed Contents Value	2006 Flood Depths at Structure
1	13.3	13.5	Acquired	1 Story	962	\$78,316.42	\$23,494.93	14.5
2	13.3	13	Acquired	1 Story	884	\$71,966.44	\$21,589.93	14.5
3	13.3	12.5	Acquired	1 Story	630	\$51,288.30	\$15,386.49	14.5
4	13.3	12.9	Acquired	1 Story	884	\$71,966.44	\$21,589.93	14.5
5	13.2	12.9	Acquired	1 Story	1173	\$95,493.93	\$28,648.18	14.5
6	13.3	13.8	Acquired	1 Story	883	\$71,885.03	\$21,565.51	14.5
7	13.2	11.5	Acquired	1 Story	1244	\$101,274.04	\$30,382.21	14.5
8	13.2	11.5	Acquired	1 Story	992	\$80,758.72	\$24,227.62	14.5
9	13.3	14.3	Acquired	1 Story	1260	\$102,576.60	\$30,772.98	14.5
10	13.2	14.3	Acquired	1 Story	1128	\$91,830.48	\$27,549.14	14.5
11	13.2	13.3	Acquired	1 Story	1080	\$87,922.80	\$26,376.84	14.5
12	13.3	12.3	Acquired	1 Story	630	\$51,288.30	\$15,386.49	14.5
13	13.3	13.5	Acquired	1 Story	960	\$78,153.60	\$23,446.08	14.5
14	13.3	13.4	Acquired	1 Story	944	\$76,851.04	\$23,055.31	14.5
15	13.4	12.7	Acquired	1 Story	1531	\$124,638.71	\$37,391.61	14.5
16	13	12.2	Acquired	1 Story	1484	\$120,812.44	\$36,243.73	14.5
17	13	12.1	Acquired	1 Story	1250	\$101,762.50	\$30,528.75	14.5
18	13.3	13.6	Acquired	1 Story	1018	\$82,875.38	\$24,862.61	14.5
19	13.2	11.4	Acquired	1 Story	1082	\$88,085.62	\$26,425.69	14.5
20	13.2	12.6	Acquired	1 Story	884	\$71,966.44	\$21,589.93	14.5
	Assumption: Building Replacement Value is 81.41 per square foot, which is an average of the range of square footage from 600 to 1400 sq ft							

Note:

FFE designates First Floor Elevation

BRV designates Building Replacement Value

BFE designates Base Flood Elevation

Contents Value is 30% of the Building Replacement Value

Structure Replacement Value is the BRV multiplied by the Square Footage

Base Flood Elevation and FFE referenced to NGVD 1929

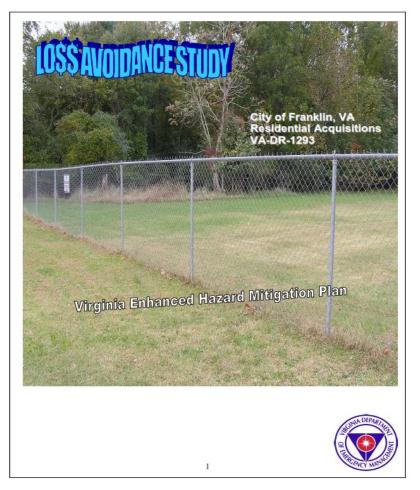


Results of Study – Southampton County

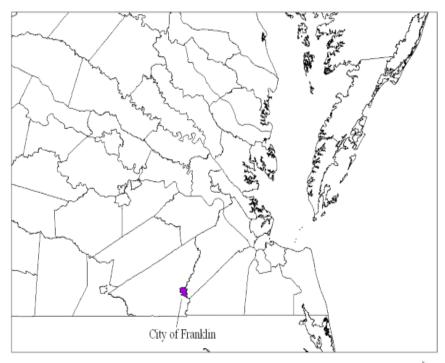
Property ID	Total Losses Avoided	Mitigation Funds Spent	% Savings in 7 Years
1	\$23,422	\$44,958	52%
2	\$21,523	\$36,914	58%
3	\$21,866	\$24,011	91%
4	\$30,733	\$51,127	60%
5	\$40,780	\$38,642	106%
6	\$21,498	\$39,885	54%
7	\$55,332	\$29,100	190%
8	\$44,064	\$42,263	104%
9	\$16,238	\$54,000	30%
10	\$14,537	\$49,792	29%
11	\$26,295	\$43,000	61%
12	\$21,902	\$40,000	55%
13	\$23,373	\$51,000	46%
14	\$22,984	\$47,000	49%
15	\$53,225	\$32,000	166%
16	\$51,591	\$78,000	66%
17	\$43,456	\$23,730	183%
18	\$24,786	\$49,695	50%
19	\$48,051	\$38,000	126%
20	\$30,733	\$43,000	71%
Total	\$636,388	\$856,117	74%



City of Franklin



VA DR 1293 City of Franklin

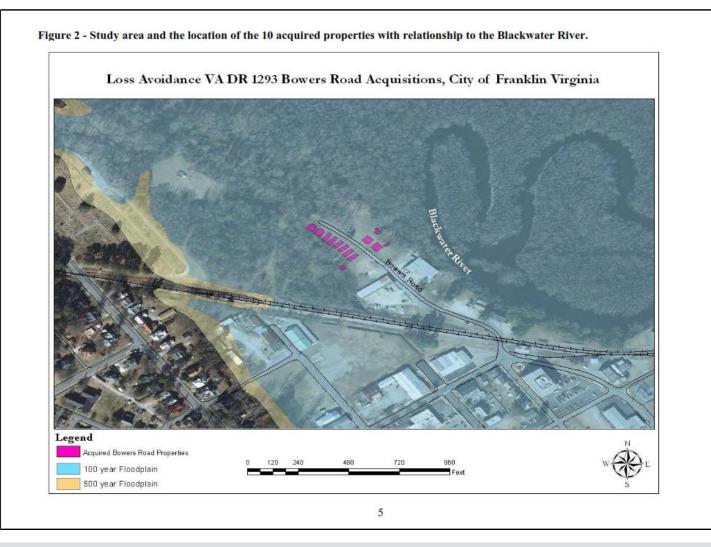






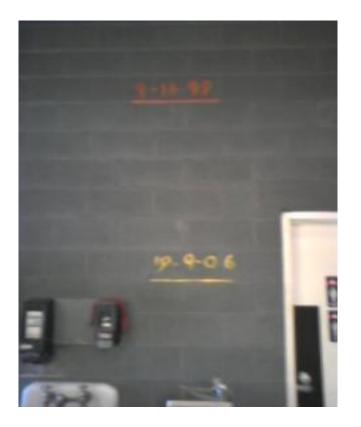


Project Area





Flood Depth Data was Readily Available









Property ID	Water Depth above FFE Pre- Mitigation (feet)	Flood Depth Used	Building Repair Costs	Content Losses	Displacement Costs	Total
1	8.4	8	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$10,737	\$78,185
2	7.6	8	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$10,737	\$78,185
3	8.2	8	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$10,737	\$78,185
4	7.6	8	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$10,737	\$78,185
5	9.8	10	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$13,422	\$80,870
6	10.9	11	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$14,764	\$82,212
7	11.4	11	\$53,109	\$14,339	\$14,764	\$82,212
8	8.4	8	\$96,608	\$26,084	\$10,737	\$133,429
9	8.6	9	\$76,797	\$8,571	\$15,646	\$101,014
10	8.9	9	\$68,789	\$7,677	\$15,646	\$92,112
Total			\$613,957	\$142,708	\$127,927	\$884,591





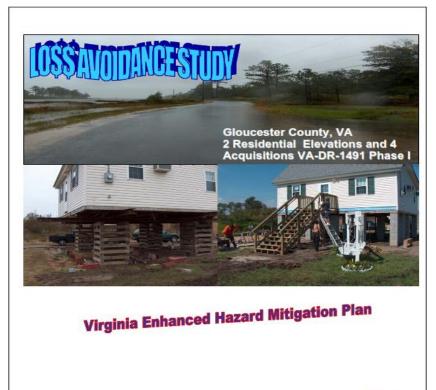
Results of the Study

Property ID	Total Losses Avoided	Mitigation Funds Spent	% Savings in 7 Years
1	\$78,185	\$ 19,714	397%
2	\$78,185	\$ 19,714	397%
3	\$78,185	\$ 19,714	397%
4	\$78,185	\$ 19,714	397%
5	\$80,870	\$ 19,714	410%
6	\$82,212	\$ 19,714	417%
7	\$82,212	\$ 19,714	417%
8	\$133,429	\$ 19,714	677%
9	\$101,014	\$ 19,714	512%
10	\$92,112	\$ 19,714	467%
Total	\$884,591	\$ 197,142	449%





Gloucester County









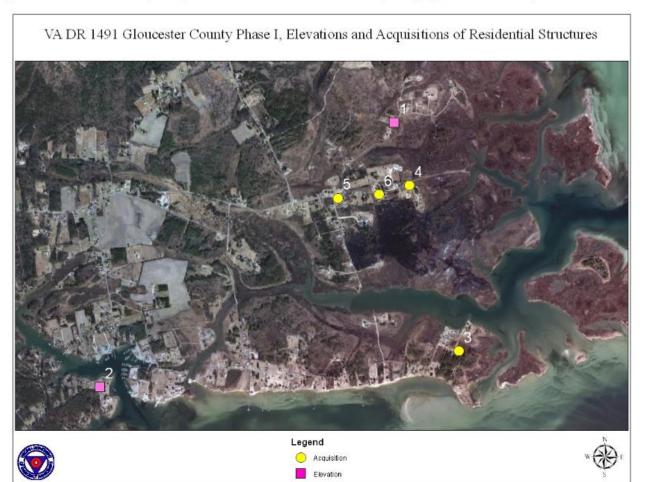






Project Area

Figure 2 below shows the study area, the location of the 2 elevated and 4 acquired properties for this study.







Loss Avoidance Results

ID #	Total Damages for Both Events	Mitigation Funds Spent	% Savings in 5 Years		
1	\$27,990	\$78,370	35.7%		
2	\$25,397	\$40,056	63.4%		
3	\$65,479	\$87,440	74.9%		
4	\$41,920	\$41,985	99.8%		
5	\$18,513	\$45,730	40.5%		
6	\$17,444	\$158,678	11.0%		
Total	\$196,742	\$452,259	43.5%		





City of Poquoson

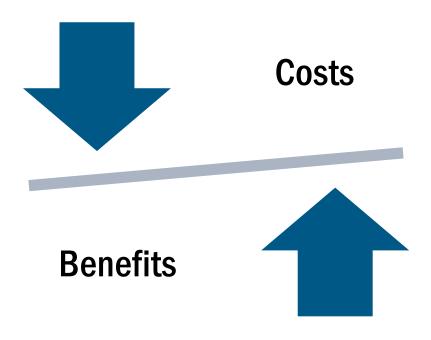
Property ID	Year Built	Number of Stories	Finished Floor Elevation (pre- mitigation)	Finished Floor Elevation (post- mitigation)	Cost of Mitigation	Structure Value	2009 Losses Avoided (Total)	2011 Losses Avoided (Total)	Aggregate Losses Avoided	Aggregate Benefit- Cost Ratio
7	1949	2	3.6 feet	10 feet	\$31,850	\$65,900	\$32,885	\$32,884	\$65,768	2.06
31	1939	1	4.0 feet	11 feet	\$28,150	\$63,000	\$45,864	\$45,864	\$91,728	3.23
12	1957	1	4.1 feet	11 feet	\$44,350	\$86,000	\$62,608	\$53,406	\$116,014	2.61
18	1949	1	4.4 feet	11 feet	\$28,150	\$51,300	\$31,857	\$31,857	\$63,715	2.26
10	1949	1	4.5 feet	11 feet	\$44,350	\$73,300	\$45,519	\$45,519	\$91,039	2.05
6	1948	1	4.8 feet	10 feet	\$43,150	\$94,300	\$58,560	\$58,560	\$117,121	2.71
4	1958	1	5.0 feet	10 feet	\$43,150	\$105,800	\$65,702	\$65,702	\$131,404	3.04
2	1949	1	5.3 feet	10 feet	\$43,250	\$95,900	\$47,950	\$47,950	\$95,900	2.21
9	1965	1	5.5 feet	10 feet	\$49,350	\$75,900	\$37,950	\$37,950	\$75,900	1.53
11	1965	1	5.9 feet	10 feet	\$43, 150	\$97,000	\$48,500	\$48,500	\$97,000	2.23
5	1949	2	4.6 feet	11 feet	\$43,450	\$113,500	\$47,444	\$47,443	\$94,886	2.18
15	1949	2	5.0 feet	10 feet	\$39,250	\$99,100	\$41,424	\$41,424	\$82,848	2.11
16	1949	2	5.0 feet	11 feet	\$43,450	\$97,600	\$40,797	\$40,797	\$81,594	1.87
24	1955	1	5.0 feet	10 feet	\$38,170	\$101,800	\$63,218	\$63,218	\$126,436	3.31
14	1949	2	5.3 feet	10 feet	\$58,150	\$78,000	\$25,818	\$25,818	\$51,636	088
23	1949	1	5.5 feet	10 feet	\$56,050	\$106,500	\$53,251	\$53,250	\$106,500	1.90
25	1970	1	5.8 feet	10 feet	\$74,950	\$185,700	\$92,850	\$92,850	\$185,700	2.47
			4.9 feet (Average)	10.35 feet (Average)	\$752,370 (Total)	\$1,590,60 0 (Total)	\$842,194 (Total)	\$832,992 (Total)	\$1,675,18 6 (Total)	2.22 (Aggregate)





Keep in Mind

 If benefits don't outweigh the costs, take the perspective of the timeframe that the study occurred





Keep in Mind

- Quality of data will not remain the same due to the discount rate
- Mitigation projects wont have the same benefits forever, due to interest increases and inflation







Contact Information

Robbie Coates

Grants Manager, Disaster Programs State Hazard Mitigation Officer Virginia Department of Emergency Management 804-897-9766 Robert.Coates@vdem.virginia.gov





Polling Question #2

What are the biggest hurdles to completing a loss avoidance study?

- Lack of staff time/ technical expertise
- Insufficient data
- Expense
- Concern that the results will have a negative benefit cost ratio
- Other (please describe in the chat window)





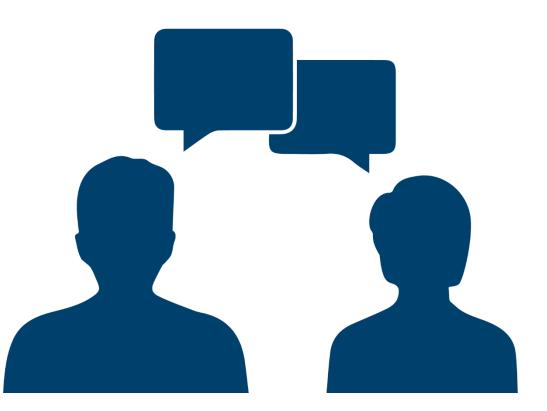
Grant Funding Following a Disaster

- Disaster Recovery Funding Sources <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/1504031549687-ff95e2411477b7a3e758f087b764912b/DisasterRecoveryFundingLinks.docx</u>
- Fire Management Assistance Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/fire-management-assistance-grant-program</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) <u>https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-grant-program</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) <u>http://www.fema.gov/pre-disaster-mitigation-grant-program</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Flood Mitigation Assistance Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/flood-mitigation-assistance-program</u>
- Repetitive Flood Claims Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/repetitive-flood-claims-grant-program-fact-sheet</u>
- Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library/resources-documents/collections/14</u>
- National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) <u>https://www.disasterassistance.gov/get-assistance/forms-of-assistance/4465/1/805</u> and <u>https://www.floodsmart.gov/floodsmart/</u>
- The National Emergency Family Registry and Locator System (NEFRLS) <u>https://www.disasterassistance.gov/get-assistance/forms-of-assistance/4628/1/805</u> and <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library/assets/documents/94763</u>
- Emergency Management Performance Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/emergency-management-performance-grant-program</u>
- Fire Prevention & Safety Grants <u>https://www.fema.gov/fire-prevention-safety-grants</u>
- Tribal Homeland Security Grant Program <u>https://www.fema.gov/fy-2014-tribal-homeland-security-grant-program-thsgp</u>



Technical Assistance and Other Opportunities

- Work with FEMA Region III Point of Contact
- Work with State Hazard Mitigation Officer
- Work with Cooperating Technical Partners







Resources

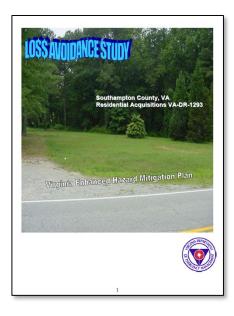
- FEMA Flood Map Service Center: <u>https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home</u>
- Data Visualization: Disaster Declarations for States and Counties: <u>https://www.fema.gov/data-visualization-disaster-declarations-states-and-counties</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Loss Avoidance Studies: <u>https://www.fema.gov/hmgp-loss-avoidance-studies</u>
- National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL): <u>https://www.fema.gov/national-flood-hazard-layer-nfhl</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance: <u>https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-assistance</u>
- Benefit Cost Analysis Tool Download: <u>https://www.fema.gov/benefit-cost-analysis</u>
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Snapshot: <u>https://fema.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=b9d25d1b3d8347aeb084fac9d30c3f0e</u>
- Considerations for Local Mitigation Planning Grant Subapplications: https://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/1509544776285-a0adf6b43da2d25e5d74457008df5828/HMA_Job_Aid_Final_10312017.pdf
- Natural Hazard Mitigation Saves: 2017 Interim Report: <u>https://www.nibs.org/page/mitigationsaves</u>





Resources

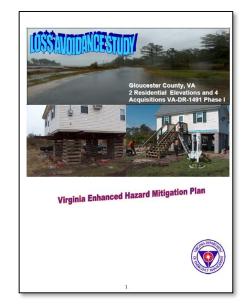
Virginia's Loss Avoidance Studies



Southampton County



City of Franklin



Gloucester County





You May be Eligible for Professional Credits

Participation certificates and agendas will be sent to all participants who attend the whole session and participate in the polls.

American Institute of Certified Planners (AICP) Self-Reported Certification Maintenance Credit



Association of State Floodplain Managers (ASFPM) Certified Floodplain Manager (CFM) Continuing Education Credit











Thank you to:

Robbie Coates

And all of you for participating today!





2018 FEMA Region III Coffee Break Calendar

 November 14, 2018: Leveraging Your Hazard Mitigation Plan to Do More

To register, please follow the link to:

https://femaregion3coffeebreaks.eventbrite.com





Questions?











