

# Maryland Flood Proofing Workshop

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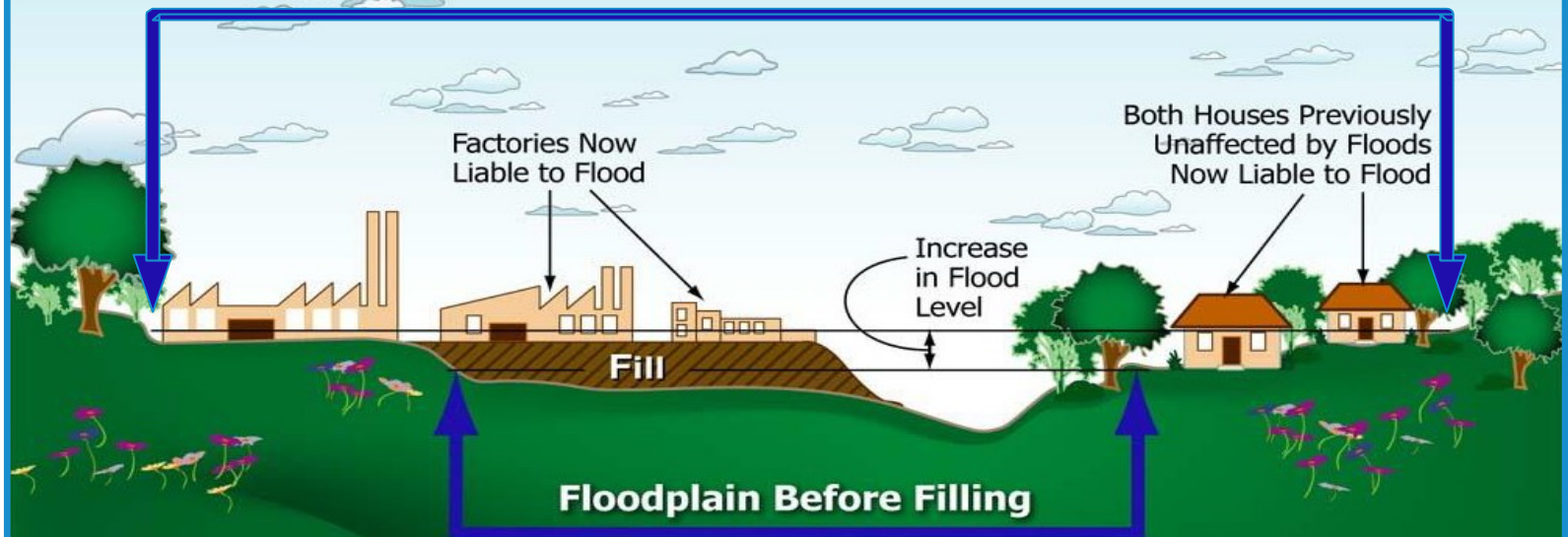


Flood Risk Adaptive Measures

# THE CHANGING FLOODPLAIN

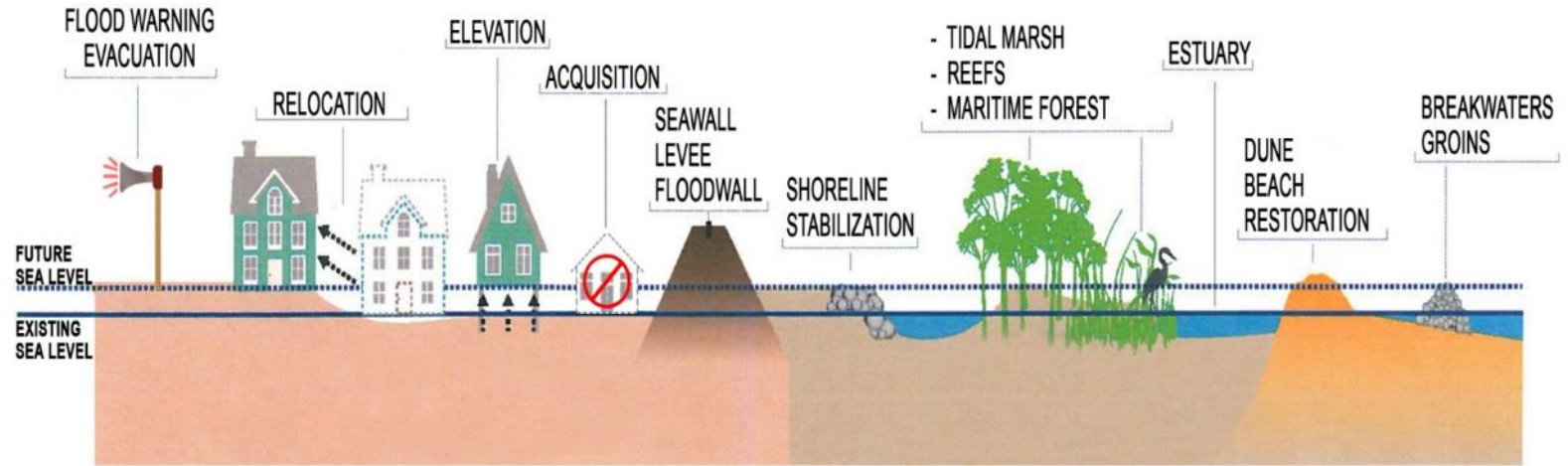
## Man-Made Dynamics

Today's Floodplain  
Is Not Necessarily Tomorrow's Floodplain



**If large areas of the floodplain are filled, then there will be an increase in the land area needed to store flood waters. This means your home or business may be impacted.**

# FLOOD RESILIENCY



**Comprehensive/Holistic  
approach to resisting catastrophic loss**

# FLOOD RISK ANALYSIS

**Flood Risk** =  $f$  [Hazard x Probability of Flooding x Consequences]

**HAZARD** is a water surface elevation for a specific flood/inundation event.

**PROBABILITY** of Flooding is the frequency of flooding or how often does flooding occur in a particular location. Reduce the frequency of flooding and risk is reduced.

**CONSEQUENCES** are the potential damages and life loss associated with flooding. The structures (critical, residential, commercial, public, and industrial), land use (agricultural, urban, public) , and infrastructure (highways, roads, rail, utilities) make up the potentially damageable assets. Reduce the consequences of flooding and risk is reduced.

*Note: If critical facilities become inoperable during a flood event, the area of impact extends beyond the area of flooding (i.e. hospitals, fire and rescue, energy, communications, water and wastewater, etc.).*

# FLOOD RISK CONSEQUENCES

- Life Loss
- Health, Safety & Welfare
- Damage to Property
- Business Losses
- Emergency Response Costs
- Recovery Costs
- Community Cohesion
- Compounded Disasters
  - Fire
  - Hazardous Material
  - Critical Facilities (Power, Potable Water Sewer, Communication)



# FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT

## **STRUCTURAL** - reduce probability:

- Control / Change Hydrology
  - Dams - Fed, State & Local
  - Levees / Floodwalls - Local
  - Diversions - Local
  - Channels – Local
- Scale - LARGE



## **NONSTRUCTURAL** - reduce consequences:

- Adapt to floodplain
  - Flood Risk Adaptive Measures
  - Property - Local/Private
  - Behavior – Local/Private
  - Planning/Preparedness – All
  - Restore Floodplain – All
- Scale – small



# Or, put another way.....

**Flood Risk Adaptive Measures** allow for people and structures that are exposed and vulnerable to flood risk to adapt to flooding and to those risks associated with flooding without changing the characteristics of the flood .....no increased stages, velocities, or duration of flooding.

# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## PHYSICAL

- Acquisition (buyout / demolition)
- Basement Fill
- Elevation
- Relocation (Individual Structures / Multiple Structures)
- Dry Flood Proofing
- Wet Flood Proofing
- Barriers – Berms Walls (Temporary / Permanent)

## NONPHYSICAL

- Education / Communication
- Flood Emergency Preparedness & Warning
- Other - *National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Floodplain Management; Land Use Regulation (Zoning); Building Codes*

## NATURE BASED

- Low Impact Development / Green Infrastructure / Floodplain Restoration





# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Acquisition



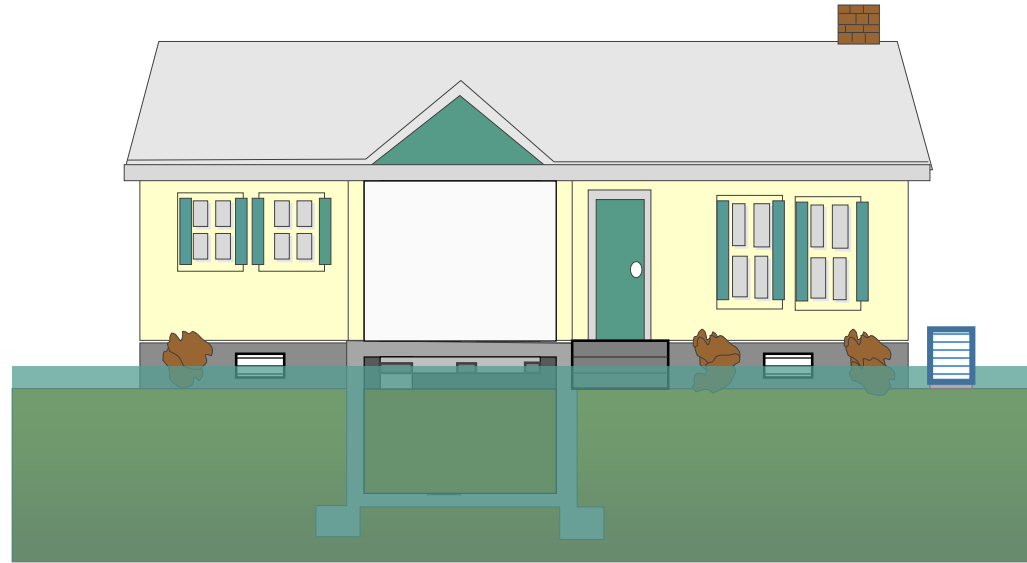
Acquire & Demolish



Opportunities & Challenges

# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Basement Evacuate/Fill (the basics)



- **Evacuate Basement**
  - Relocate Storage/Other (Above DFE)
  - Elevate Mechanical/Electrical Equipment (Above DFE)
  - Remove Finishes & Demo Floor Slab
- **Fill Basement** (Level w/Exterior Grade & Suitable fill)
- **Install Flood Louvers/Vents/Openings**

# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Elevation



Residential Structure – Grundy, VA

- ...is one of the most common and effective methods used to prevent flooding of living space...
- ...recommend design and construction by reputable/qualified professionals and contractors...
- ...Not permitted in regulatory floodway...**Not** recommended areas of high velocity
- ...Acceptable in A Zones.



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Elevation



Huntington, VA - Assessment



Existing



Proposed



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Elevation Utilizing Piers / Posts / Columns



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Relocation



Lighthouse - Cape Hatteras, NC



Masonry Structure



Grundy, VA

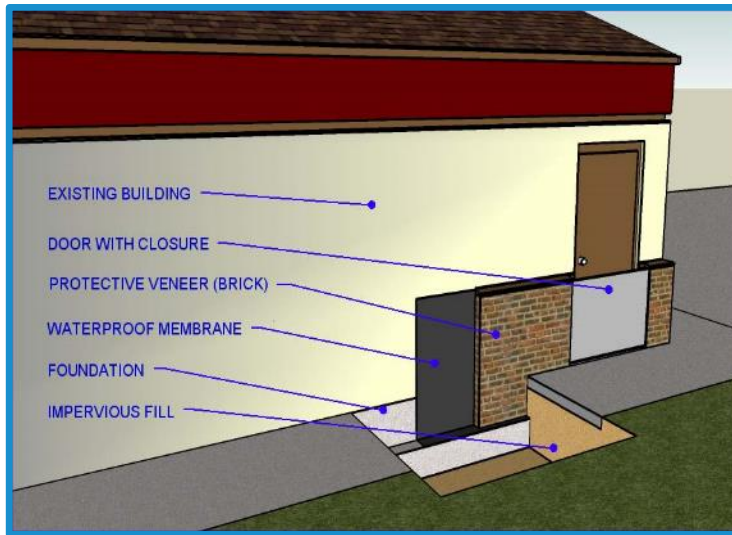
# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Dry Flood Proofing



Dry Flood Proofing (Temporary)

- Flood depths 3 feet or less
- Structurally sound buildings
- New design & construction
- Retrofitting existing structures
- No basement or crawl space



Basic Dry Flood Proofing Detail



Kermit, WV (Pizza Hut)



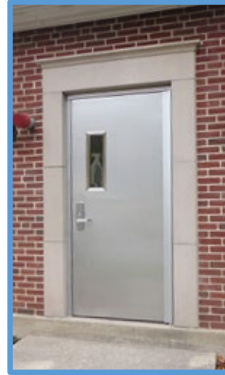
# BARRIERS - CLOSURE DEVICES



Inserts



Stop Logs



Waterproof  
Door



Panel System



Swing Gate (Driveway)



Wall Swing Gate





# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Dry Flood Proofing



Etna Borough, PA Municipal Bldg.



- Critical Facility (EOC)
- Temp Closures – Access/Egress?
- Installation requires equipment & manpower



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Wet Flood Proofing



City of Sacramento Fire Station 43 (Natomas, CA)



Church (Grundy, VA)



Town Hall (Prestonsburg, KY)



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Barriers - Walls / Berms (USACE – Structural)



Masonry Wall (residential Grundy, VA)



Concrete Wall (commercial)



Earthen Berm



Masonry Wall (non-residential Crum, WV)

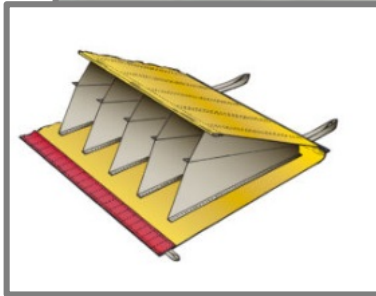


# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

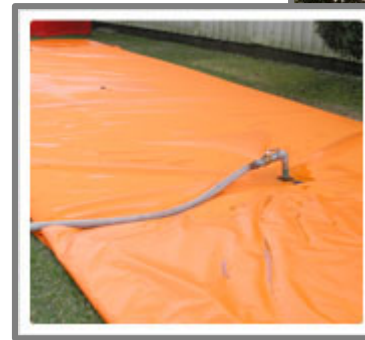
## Barriers - Walls / Berms Temporary Perimeter Systems



PANELS (FOLDING)

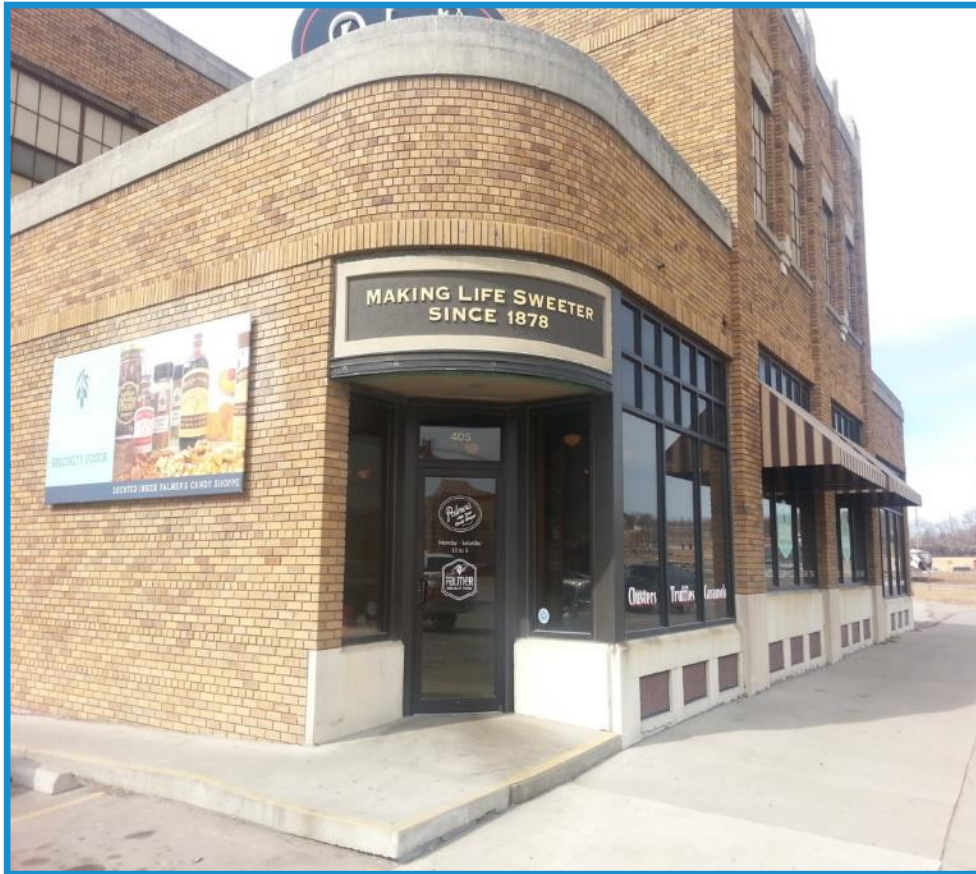


PANELS (SELF RISING)



BLADDER

# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

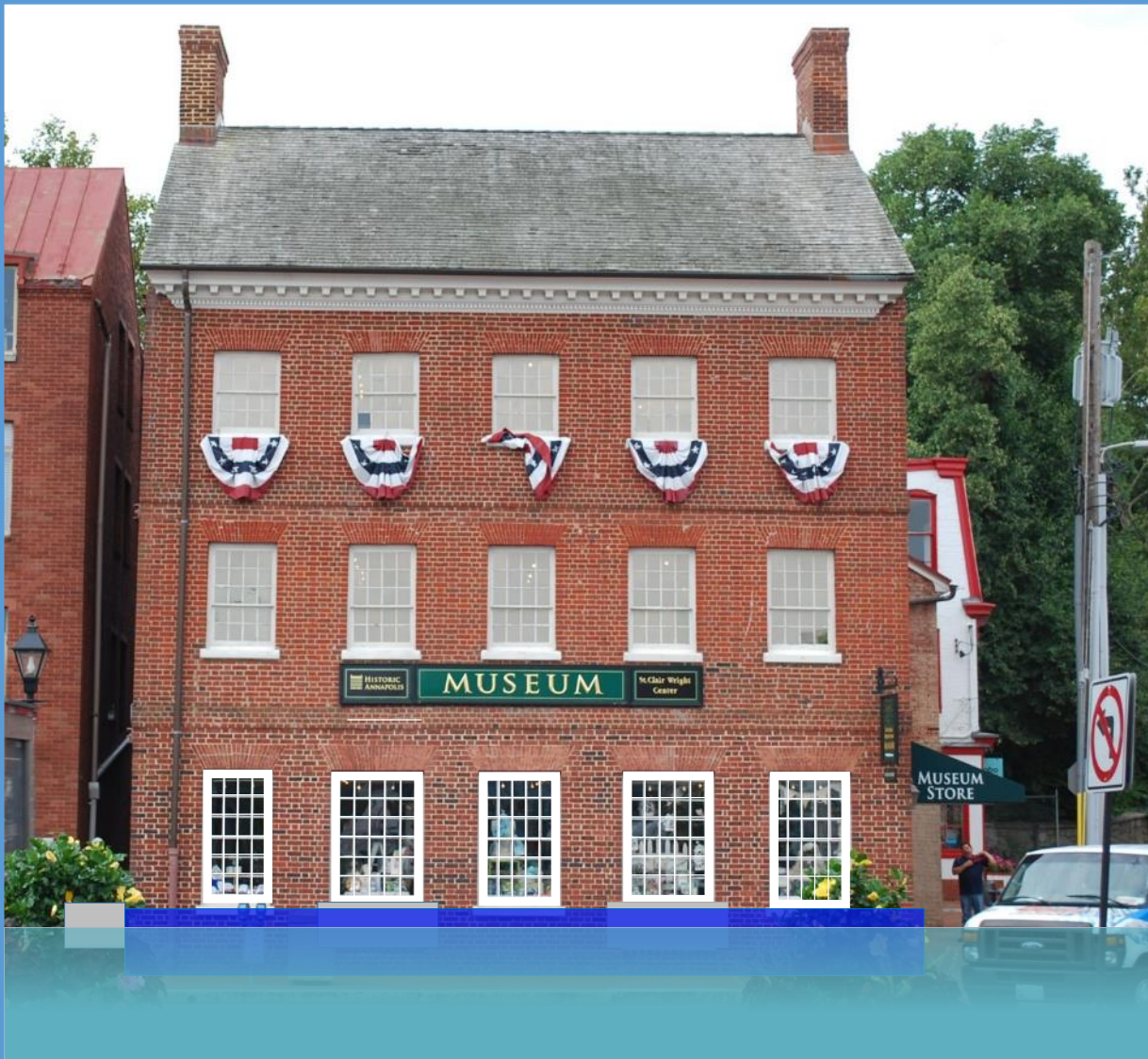


Elevation / Wet Flood Proofing (Historic Structure)



# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

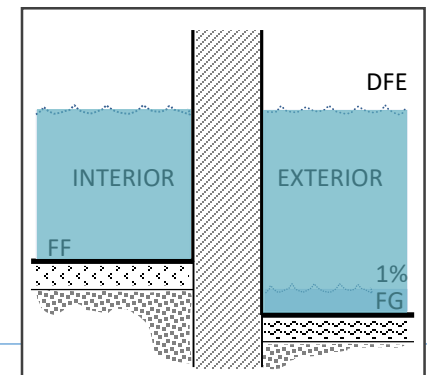
Historic Museum Annapolis, MD



Temporary Barrier



Closure/Shield



**BUILDING SECTION (at Grade)**  
Not to Scale

Flood Risk Adaptive Measures

# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

## Nonphysical

- Awareness - Education / Outreach
- Regulations (codes, zoning, floodplain management)
- Warning / Evacuation
  - Who / How / When
- Preparedness Planning
  - Response / Recovery
  - Evacuation Routes
  - Evacuation Centers
  - Vertical Evacuation





# FLOOD RISK ADAPTIVE MEASURES

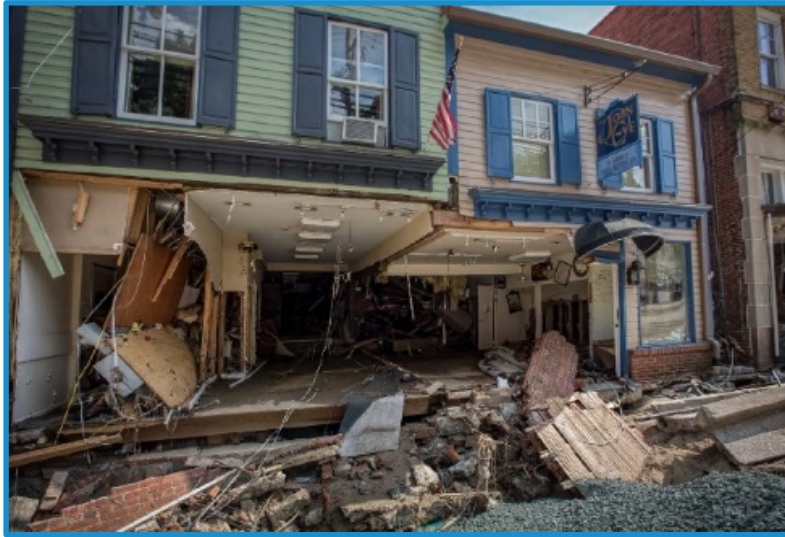
## Low Impact Development & Green Infrastructure



- **RAIN GARDEN**
- **PLANTER BOX**
- **GREEN SPACE**
- **POROUS PAVEMENT**
- **RAIN BARREL**



# SHARED RESPONSIBILITY & SELF HELP



## OBSERVATIONS

Flood Risk Adaptive Measures

# SHARED RESPONSIBILITY & SELF HELP



**Elevated HVAC / WH  
(Interior)**

## GOOD

- Identify Risk
- Plan / Prepare
- Manipulate Landscape
- Acquire/fabricate barriers
- Install Flood Louvers/Vents/Openings
- Elevate Mechanical/Electrical Equipment
- Remove/Rehab Damageable finishes/Construction
- Sewer check valve(s) / Building drain check valve(s)
- Evacuate Basement (Equipment / Appliances / Storage)



**Rain Barrel**



**Elevated HVAC (Exterior)**

# HURRICANE HARVEY AFTERMATH

*Elevated with flood vents  
and **no damage***



*Next door Slab on grade  
**damage***



# ASSESSING THE SITUATION

- **Flood Characteristics**

Flood depth, Flood velocity, Flood duration, Rate of rise, Debris/Ice flows, Wave action, Floodway, Other (?)...

- **Site Characteristics**

Location, Soil type, Topography, Site size & geometry, Urban/Rural, Other (?)...

- **Building/Structure Characteristics**

Type of construction, Foundation, Condition of the building, Building Occupancy, Lower levels (Basement), Historical Significance, Additions/Modifications, Other (?)...

- **Other Considerations**

Building Codes, Zoning Ordinances and Local Restrictions, Other Agencies (Local / State / Federal), Aesthetics, Public Health/Safety/Welfare, Other (?)...



# FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION MATRIX



## US Army Corps of Engineers National Nonstructural/ Flood Proofing Committee

### Flood Damage Reduction

FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION MATRIX	FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION MEASURES													
	INDIVIDUAL NONSTRUCTURAL MEASURES										STRUCTURAL MEASURES			
MEASURE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>Basement</b>														
Basement Flooded	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Basement Dry	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
<b>First Floor</b>														
First Floor Flooded	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
First Floor Dry	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
<b>Second Floor</b>														
Second Floor Flooded	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Second Floor Dry	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
<b>Roof</b>														
Roof Flooded	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Roof Dry	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
<b>Other</b>														
Other Flooded	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Other Dry	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

### FLOOD PROOFING

How to Evaluate Your Options



Decision Tree



July 1993



### Nonstructural Flood Damage Reduction Matrix

#### Purpose and Intent

This quick reference guide is for use during initial assessment of nonstructural flood risk adaptive measures (FRAM). The Matrix allows the user to determine potential FRAM measures for further evaluation and assessment based upon a series of responses associated with characteristics regarding flood conditions, site conditions, building conditions, potential economic conditions, or recreation and environmental opportunities and challenges.

#### Directions for Use

The user should have a thorough knowledge and understanding of the aforementioned characteristics which the targeted structure will be exposed to during a flood event. The user will consider these characteristics and determine if the targeted structure has those characteristics by responding with a "Y" for yes, and a "N" for no. The objective is to work through as many of the specific characteristics as possible, responding to each one with a "Y" or "N". After completing responses, the user will tally all of the "Y" responses for each FRAM measure. The measure with the most "Y" responses should be considered for additional evaluation.

The user has developed knowledge of the structure and the conditions the structure will be exposed to. The user has determined the "Y" responses, shown in the table below, and when tallying the matrix that the FRAM measure of Elevation on Foundation Walls has the most "Y" responses and is selected for additional evaluation. The structure is shown prior to, and after implementation of the measure.

Matrix Characteristic	Assessment
Flood Depth - Shallow (less than 3 feet)	Y
Flood Velocity - Slow (less than 3 fps)	Y
Flash Flooding - Yes (less than 1 hour)	Y
Site Location - Riverine Floodplain	Y
Soil Type - Permeable	Y
Structure Foundation - Crawl Space	Y
Structure Construction - Wood	Y
Economics - Potential Flood Insurance Cost Reduction	Y
Recreation Potential	N
Social - Community Remains Intact	Y

#### Matrix Example Result: Elevation on Foundation Walls



# FLOOD BARRIER TESTING & CERTIFICATION

<http://nationalfloodbarrier.org/>

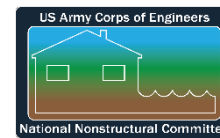
- **Partnership:**

- FM Approvals
- Association of State Flood Plain Managers (ASFPM)
- USACE National Nonstructural Committee (NNC)

- **Four categories (currently):**

- Temporary Flood Barriers
- Closure Devices
- Backwater valves
- Mitigation Pumps

- **Provides** an unbiased process of evaluating products in terms of resistance to water forces, material properties, and consistency of product manufacturing.



# NATIONAL NONSTRUCTURAL COMMITTEE

<http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/ProjectPlanning/nfpc.aspx>

**Chartered: 1985**

## NNC Members and Advisors

- Randall Behm, Chair, Omaha
- Steve O'Leary, Secretary, Huntington
- Kim Gavigan, Phoenix
- Lea Adams, Davis (HEC)
- Mary Weidel, Detroit (IWR)
- Brian Rast, Kansas City (IWR)

## Technical Resources

- Nonstructural Techniques
- Publications
- Assessment Tools
- National Flood Barrier Testing & Certification Program
- Links to Associated Site

Google: **NFPC**

**US Army Corps of Engineers**

HEADQUARTERS

Search HQ USACE

HOME > MISSIONS > CIVIL WORKS > PROJECT PLANNING > NFPC

### National Nonstructural Committee (NNC)

Nonstructural measures are permanent or contingent measures applied to a structure and/or its contents that prevent or provide resistance to damage from flooding. Nonstructural measures differ from Structural measures in that they focus on reducing the consequences of flooding instead of focusing on reducing the probability of flooding.

Nonstructural measures include:

- Elevation
- Relocation
- Buyout / Acquisition
- Dry flood proofing
- Wet flood proofing

Nonphysical Nonstructural measures include:

- Flood Warning Systems
- Flood Insurance
- Floodplain Mapping
- Flood Emergency Preparedness Plans
- Land Use Regulation
- Zoning
- Evacuation Plans
- Risk Communication

The National Nonstructural Committee was founded in 1985 to promote the use of nonstructural methods.

- National Flood Barrier Testing & Certification Program
- Flood Damage Reduction Matrix
- Structure Attribute Table

### National Nonstructural Committee (NNC)

Collapse All Expand All

- ☐ NNC History
- ☐ About NNC
- ☐ Current NNC Membership:
  - ☐ --- Chair: Randall Behm, P.E., CFM
  - ☐ --- Executive Secretary: Stephen D. O'Leary, AIA, CFM
  - ☐ --- Lea Adams, P.E.
  - ☐ --- Kim M. Gavigan, P.E.
  - ☐ --- Brian Rast P.E., CFM
  - ☐ --- Mary Weidel P.E., CFM
- ☐ Nonstructural Measures

### NNC Links

The following websites contain information related to nonstructural measures to reduce flood damages and promote floodplain management techniques.

- ASFPM ...
- FEMA ...
- NAFSMA ...
- Natural Hazards Center ...
- USACE Flood Risk Mgmt ...
- USACE Silver Jackets ...

### Nonstructural Measures

The different Nonstructural Measures are described provided below. A detailed discussion on each of these types of Nonstructural Measures can be found among our Publications.

Collapse All Expand All

- ☐ Elevation
- ☐ Relocation
- ☐ Buyout/Acquisition
- ☐ Dry Flood Proofing
- ☐ Wet Flood Proofing
- ☐ Flood Warning Systems
- ☐ Flood Insurance
- ☐ Floodplain Mapping
- ☐ Flood Emergency Preparation
- ☐ Land Use Regulations
- ☐ Zoning
- ☐ Evacuation Plans
- ☐ Risk Communication

### Planning Programs Factsheets

- Nation Nonstructural Committee
- F011988 Decision Process



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## QUESTIONS?